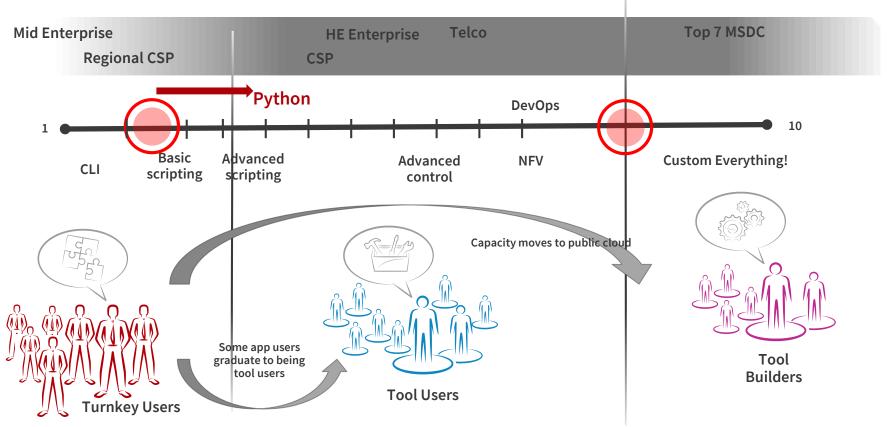


# Network Automation: Options & Possibilities

CK Lam Director, Data Center & Virtualization Asia-Pacific Field CTO

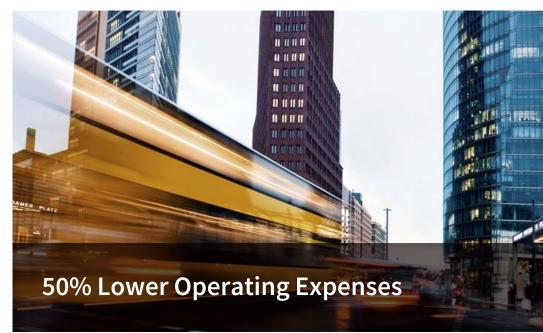
Oct 10, 2016

### **Consumption Model**



### Automation: It's Possible with Physical Infrastructure

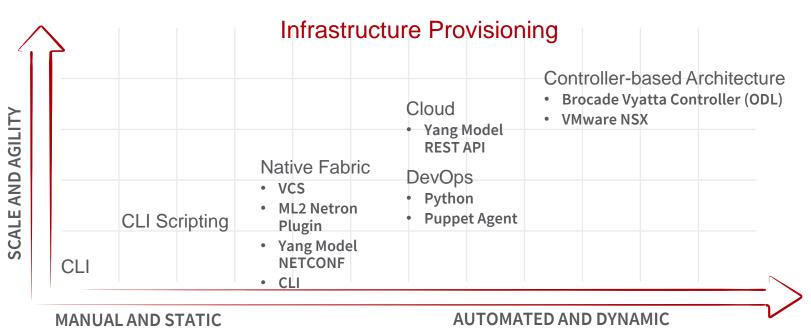
- Zero-touch provisioning
- Zero-touch VM discovery, configuration, and mobility
- Self-forming trunks
- Minimal configuration to add links or switches
- Manage many switches as a single logical device



### The Evolution of Data Center Network Automation

Cloud Management Platform (Tenant Provisioning)

OpenStack | CloudStack | Homegrown Scripting | Vendor Provided Solutions



Я

# **Programmability and SDN Readiness**

- Faster, more elegant integration with in-house and third-party management and orchestration tools
  - Robust REST API, fully documented YANG model, and tools for developers
  - Simpler to write and maintain network applications using the fabric-level API
  - DevOps integration for Puppet and Python scripting

- Efficient orchestration integration without loss of administrative control
  - Fabric- and node-level programmability and troubleshooting
  - Integrating with SDN Controller and thirdparty OpenDaylight-compliant controllers through OpenFlow 1.3
- Self-tuning fabric in response to management-level changes

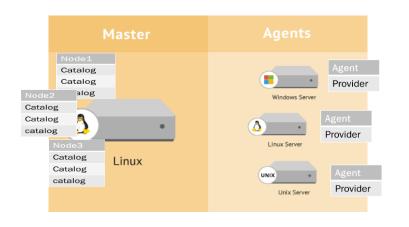


# Programmability

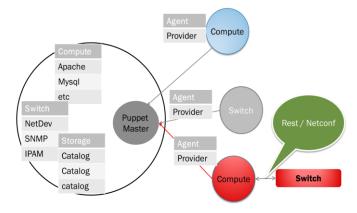


PUPPET INTEGRATION FOR DEVOPS

- Puppet is IT Automation software for DevOps
  - Puppet automates and manages infrastructure (servers, network and storage) lifecycle, from provisioning and configuration to orchestration and reporting

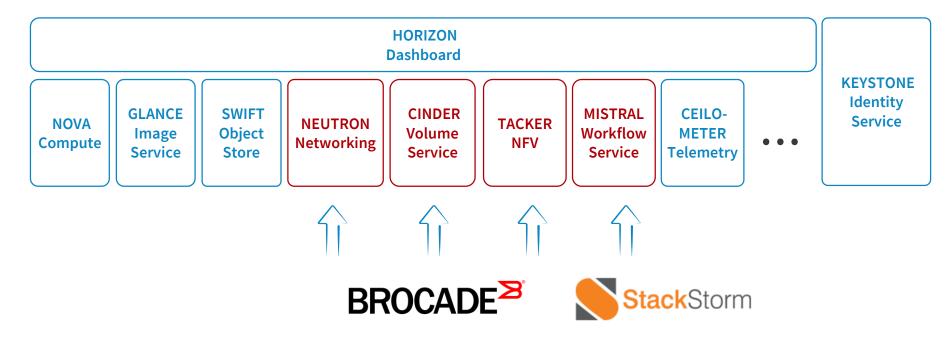


**How does Puppet work?** 



## Main OpenStack Projects

Brocade Focus: Networking(Neutron, Tacker), Storage(Cinder) & Workflow(Mistral)



openstack<sup>™</sup>

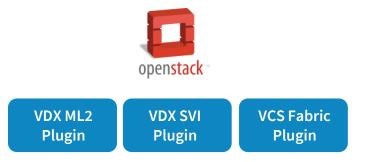
## **Open Stack Plugin Types**

- ML2 (VLAN) plugins for
  - Routing and switching devices
  - OpenDaylight SDN Controllers
  - Ironic Baremetal Services
- L3 SVI Service plugin for switching and routing devices
- Data Center networks and IP Fabrics
  - Layer 2 & Layer 3 Scale Out
  - VXLAN off-load from OpenvSwitch to VDX

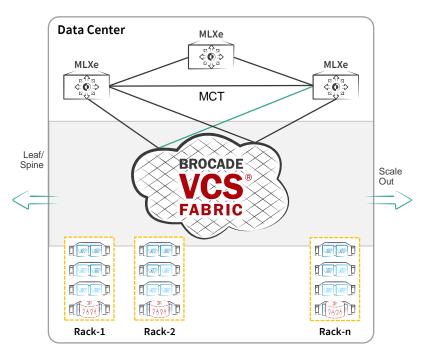
- L2 Gateway Service
  - VXLAN to VLAN Gateway
- Edge VPN Service
   VPLS DC DC
- vRouter FWaaS, VPNaaS, L3aaS
- Storage (Cinder)
  - Plugin for Fibre Channel devices

# **DC/Cloud Architecture**

### Physical and virtual network



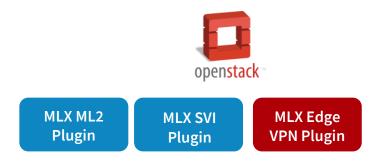
- Scale out non-disruptively
- Fabric-based Multi-tenancy at scale
- VLAN isolation
- Inter-VLAN routing
- VRRP support
- FWaaS (ACL support)



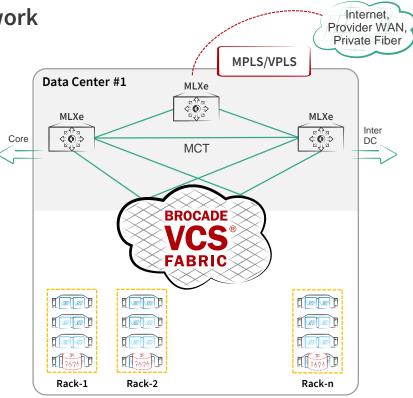
- Flat topology, east-west optimized
- Performance, resiliency, and scale via load balanced L1/2/3 multipathing
- Fabric managed as one logical switch
- VM-aware

## Data Center/Cloud Architecture

Physical, virtual, and DC interconnect network

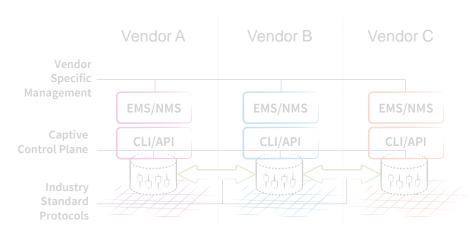


- Multitenant support
- VLAN isolation
- Inter-VLAN routing
- DC Interconnect

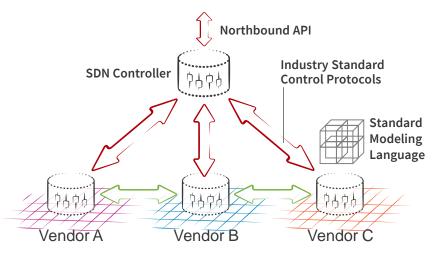


## **A New Network Architecture**

### SDN logically centralizes the control plane

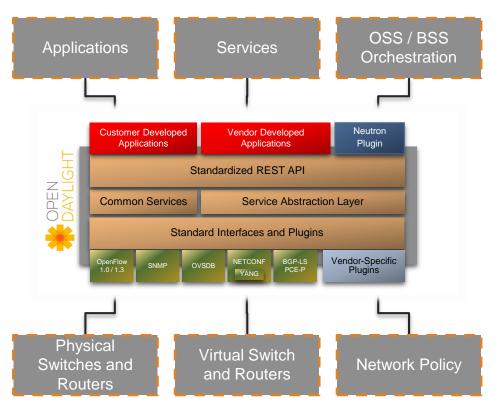


- EMS, NMS, CLI, and APIs specific to the switch or router vendor
- Proprietary control plane per device
- Communication protocols standardized for interoperability



- Logically centralized open control plane, non-vendor specific
- Normalized programming interface
- Standard control protocols and modeling language

### **OpenDaylight Project—Operated by the Linux Foundation**

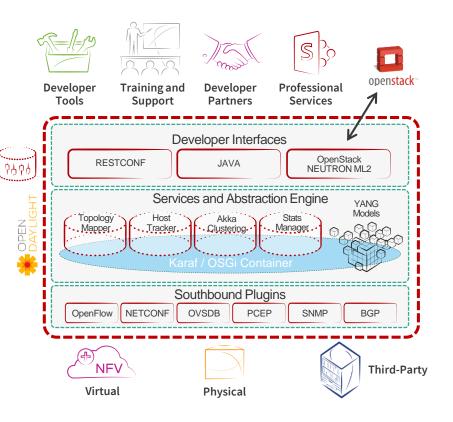


- The leading open-source SDN controller
  - More than 200 developers from 41 member companies AND individuals from user organizations
  - 1.7+ million lines of code
- Open industry forum: most networking providers, many SDN ecosystem firms
- Addresses service provider & enterprise needs
- Platform-independent "narrow waist"—standardization point that allows for optimization and innovation above and below

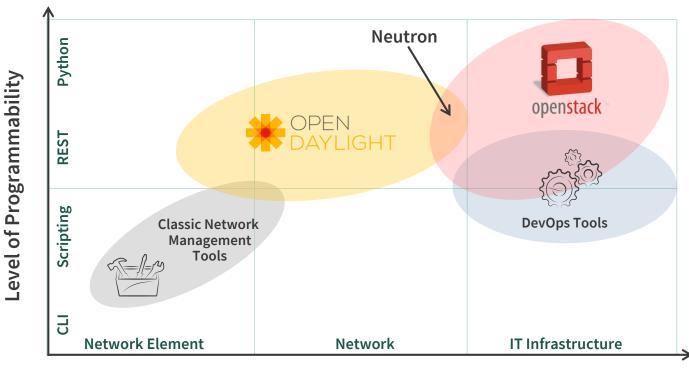
## **Open SDN Controller**

Part of open, modular portfolio

- Designed for an open, multivendor world
  - Each layer can be selected independently
  - No platform or northbound dependencies
- Simple on-ramp to SDN
  - Low-risk investment protection
  - Smooth installation and maintenance
- Collaborative innovation
  - Joint and custom app development
  - Bridge to OpenDaylight community



### **SDN Controllers within Data Center Management**



**Scope of Domain** 

### **SDN Controller Use Cases**

Software that connects the network to your business processes



### **Common Use Cases of SDN**

### Traffic Monitoring & Metering

- Network flow visibility; Flow control to not exceed provisioned bandwidth
- Brocade: Flow Optimizer, SDN Controller, MLXe

#### Network Attack Mitigation

- Proactively detect and mitigate L2-L4 attacks cost efficiently
- Brocade: Flow Optimizer, SDN Controller, MLXe, ICX

### Flow Tapping

- SDN-based troubleshooting tool eliminates physical taps in the network
- Brocade: Flow Optimizer, SDN Controller, MLXe, ICX

**SDN** is

deployable, today

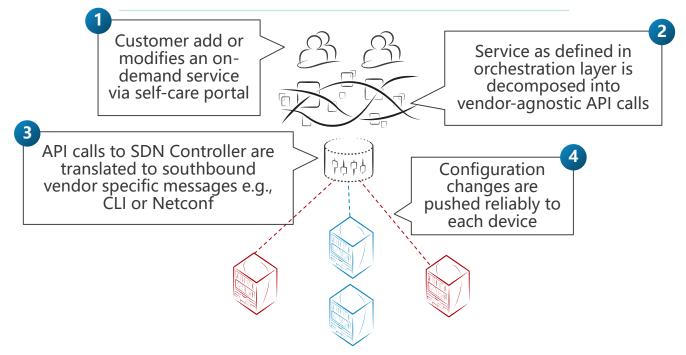
### Intelligent Firewall Bypass

- Intelligently move trusted traffic to bypass expensive firewalls
- Brocade: Flow Optimizer, SDN Controller, MLXe

### **SDN Controller Use Case**

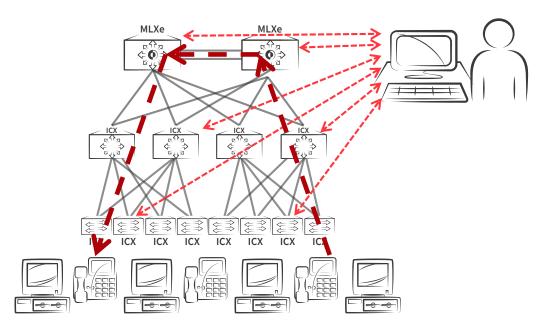
**Project Reference : Customer self service portal** 

#### Automated Provisioning Solution with SDN Controller



### Deploying Delay-Sensitive Apps on Legacy Networks

Traffic engineering and QoS is complex to deploy and breaks easily

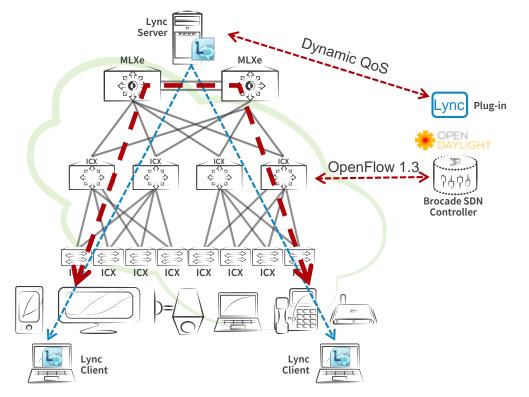


### Challenges

- The user desktop is unreliable for QoS tagging
- Manual provisioning of QoS and security policies is required on every switch
- Staff with costly expertise in proprietary technologies is required
- Multiple devices on a single port with different QoS needs
- Multivendor platform management presents challenges

## **SDN-Based Adaptive and Automated QoS**

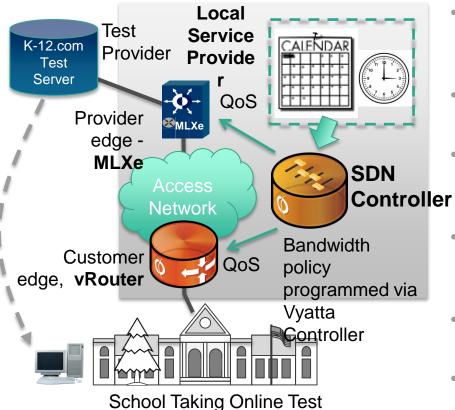
Application detects voice/video delays and dynamically requests prioritization



#### **Benefits**

- Fully automated and adaptive call admission and control
- Single trusted source of QoS management
- Eliminates the need to QoS tag at the port level
- Dynamic replacement of manual switch-by-switch provisioning of static QoS policies

# Bandwidth Calendaring – How it Works



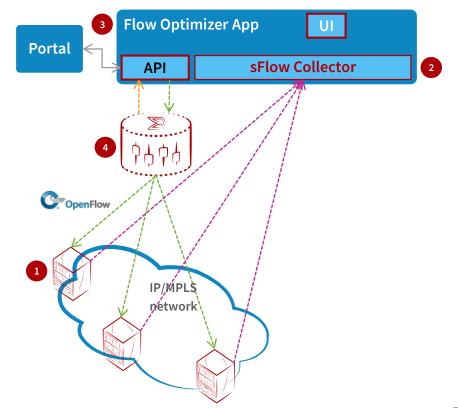
- K-12.com test provider buys a pay-touse bandwidth reservation service from the local service provider
- School reserves its timeslot for the tests
- K-12.com notifies the service provider of the reserved timeslots by customer
   number
- The local service provider's OSS/BSS system programs the time-based policy into the SDN Controller
- The SDN Controller programs the QoS policy into the PE and CE routers
- The PE and CE routers automatically prioritize test-related traffic according to the policy for the duration of the ctest period

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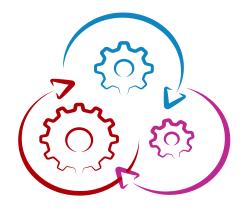
### **SDN Application: Automated Traffic Manipulation**

### **Solution Components**

- 1. Network Devices
  - Send sFlow samples
- 2. sFlow Collector(s)
  - Collect flow sample data
- 3. Flow Optimizer Application
  - Analyzes and manages flows
  - Policy-based UI and REST APIs
- 4. SDN Controller
  - Programs OpenFlow 1.3 rules
  - OpenDaylight Controller

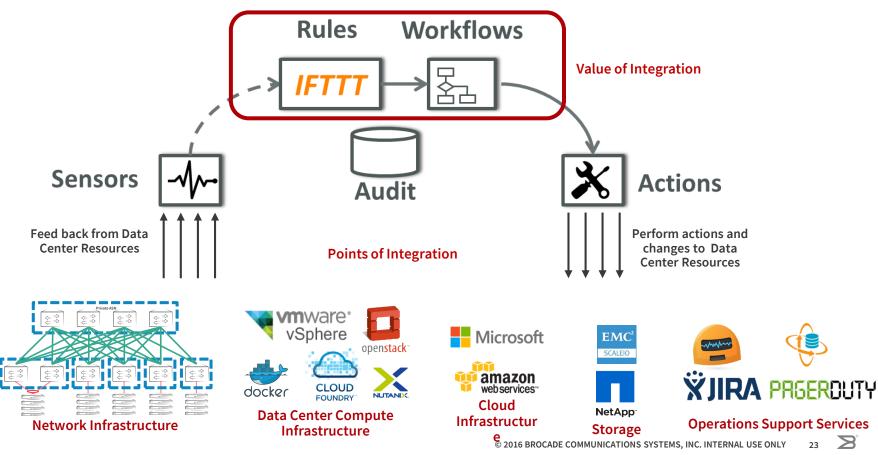


### Automation Platform: Leveraging on Workflows



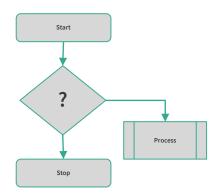
NETWORK AUTOMATION PLATFORM THAT AUTOMATES THE ENTIRE NETWORK LIFE CYCLE AND INTEGRATES WITH CROSS-DOMAIN WORKFLOWS TO IMPROVE BUSINESS AGILITY

## **Automation & Integration**



#### What is a Workflow?

A workflow is a sequence of tasks executed to accomplish a business or technical objective. Workflows are what drive efficient and predictable IT operations.





#### **Beyond the Network!**

Workflows are not just limited to networks. The very purpose of the network is to provide crossdomain connectivity between compute and storage elements. A true "workflow centric" approach encompasses all of these elements and focuses on delivering complete services.

### **Operational Workflow Categories**









Infrastructure, Service Provisioning, Validation

Troubleshooting & Remediation

**Data Collection** 

**Operations & Management** 

### Infrastructure Service Provisioning DC Fabrics

H

1. ZTP process registers the switch to the inventory service through the registration sensor

2. Registration triggers the "IP Fabric Leaf" Workflow

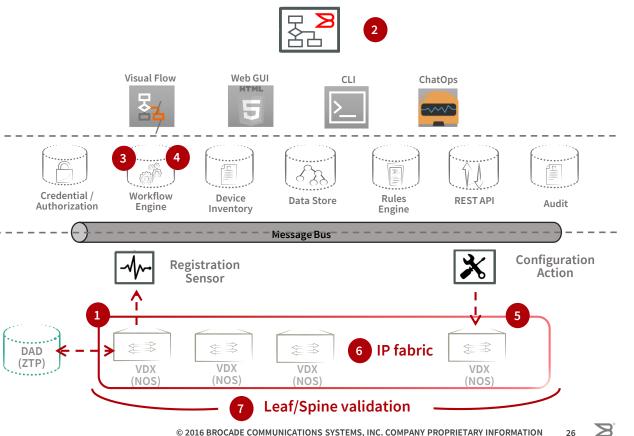
3. Workflow engine models the IP fabric

4. BWC walks through the steps in the workflow

5. Configuration is executed through the appropriate "Action"

6. IP Fabric provision complete

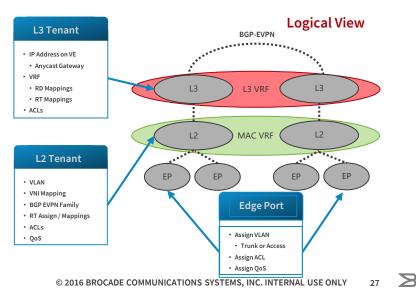
7. Validation workflow begins



## What is it?

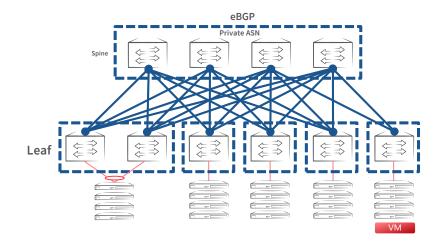
Workflow: Tenant Provisioning

- Users need to be able to create mappings of Edge Ports across an IP Fabric topology and provide connectivity between hosts in the same groups.
- Tenants include:
  - Edge Ports
    - Members of L2 Groups
    - Apply ACL and QoS Policy
  - Layer 2 Groups
    - VLANs
    - VLAN / VNI Mapping
  - Layer 3 Groups
    - Bind IP to VLANs



### **Create New Tenant**

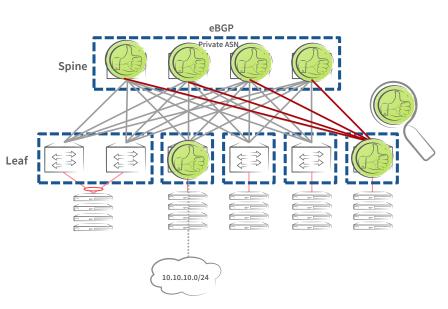
### Workflow: Tenant Provisioning



- Create L2
  - Create EVPN Instance
  - Configure New VLAN on switch
  - Map VLAN/VNI to EVPN Instance
  - Configure ACL Policy on VLAN
- Create L3
  - Create new L3VNI VRF on Leaf Node
    - Address Family ipv4 unicast
    - Assign VNI, RD and RT
    - Add L3VNI Interface
  - Configure VE Interface
    - Assign VE to VRF
    - Create new Configure Anycast Gateway Address
  - Add L3VNI to BGP Peers
    - "address family unicast vrf XYZ"
    - Set "redistribute connected"

# Workflow: BGP Validation

### What are you trying to do?



#### **New Peer Config**

- 1. Configure new BGP Peer on Leaf Switch 4
  - Validate BGP is running on switch
  - Alert on failure
- 2. Configure new BGP Peer on Spine Switch
  - Validate BGP is running on switch
  - Alert on failure
- 3. Validate that BGP Peer state is established on both switches
  - Alert on failure

#### **New Subnet Config**

- 1. Configure new BGP Advertisement on Leaf Switch 2
  - Validate BGP is advertising route
  - Alert on failure
- 2. Validate that Leaf Switch 4 receives new route:
  - Validate that route\_exists
  - Validate the route is learned via BGP
  - Validate correct number of next-hops for ECMP

# **Full Workflow Life Cycle Automation**

Architecture	Provision	Validation	Troubleshooting
IP Fabric	<ul> <li>3-Stage IP Fabric</li> <li>EVPN Management</li> <li>Super Spine Support</li> <li>Firmware Management</li> <li>DC Tenant Management</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>BGP Peering State</li> <li>Route Advertisements</li> <li>Physical Connectivity</li> <li>VLAG State Checks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fabric Trace IP Address</li> <li>Fabric Trace MAC Address</li> <li>Remediate BGP Issues</li> <li>EVPN Path Discovery</li> </ul>
IXP	<ul> <li>VPLS Circuits</li> <li>VLL Circuits</li> <li>ACL Control</li> <li>MAC Change</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Validate VPLS Sessions</li> <li>Validate VLL Sessions</li> <li>Validate ACLs are applied on Circuits</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Troubleshoot MPLS Tunnel Paths</li> <li>Map Customers to Devices/Circuits</li> <li>Identify changed customer MAC</li> </ul>
VCS	<ul> <li>VF Extension</li> <li>DC Tenant Management</li> <li>Layer 3 Configuration</li> <li>VLAG Management</li> <li>Firmware Management</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>VLAG State Checks</li> <li>VCS Membership State</li> <li>ISL Trunk State</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>VF Extension Trace</li> <li>ACL Consistency Across Fabrics</li> <li>Tenant to Fabric Mapping</li> </ul>



# Summary Slide

- Network infrastructure with built-in automation reduces
   operational and management efforts
- Ensure network equipment opened to automation platforms
- Plan to move towards a more automated environment with software integration
- Learn new skills in areas of software networking and automation



# Thank you

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